EaD Standardize Examinations



J.H.S 3 OBJECTIVE TEST

Which of the following latitudes almost divide to	he Δfrican continent into two equal halves?
a. Tropic of cancer	b. Tropic of Capricorn
c. Equator	d. Prime meridian
If the time in Accra on longitude zero degree is	_
be	s 2.50pm the time in Gailo on longitude 50 wil
a. 4:30pm	h 5:30nm
•	b. 5:30pm
c. 6:30pm	d. 7:30pm
3. Which of the following areas in Ghana is most	•
a. Lowlands	b. Accra_plains
c. Afram plains	d. Kwahu scarp
4. The most important commercial crop in Ghana	
a. Shea nut	b. Cocoa
c. Cola nut	d. coffee
5. The largest vegetation type in Ghana is	
a. Sahel Savannah	b. Guinea Savannah
c. Mangrove forest	d. Coastal thick
6. Which of the following is a bad effect of heavy	rainfall?
 a. A provision of portable water 	b. Provision of water for irrigation
 c. Increasing the volume of stream 	d. Causing erosion of soil
7. The time in Ghana is different from the time in	Nigeria because of differences in
a. geological size	b. longitudinal position
c. climate condition	d. latitudinal position
8. Some rivers meander in their lower course bed	·
a. The land there is almost flat	b. The land there is very steep
c. The river erodes vertically at the stage	
9. Aburi is normally cooler than Nsawam BECAU	
a. Nsawam is nearer the coast	b. Nsawam is in the savannah zone
c. Aburi is on a highland	d. Aburi is the forest belt
10. Which of the following is land locked country	
a. Burkina Faso	b. Ghana
c. Nigeria	c. Liberia
11. The Panama canal links the pacific Ocean to	
a. Indian Ocean	b. North Atlantic
c. Artic Ocean	d. South Atlantic Oceans
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12. Latitudes and Longitudes are used to	
a. decorate maps	b. locate objects on the maps
c. shows the direction of stream flow	d. show height of mountains on maps
13. A model of the earth is called	
a. a globe	b. a map
c. an atlas	d. a longitude
14. Latitude that normally marked zero on maps	
a. Capricorn	b. Cancer
c. Equator	d. Meridian
15. An escarpment has	
a. gentle slope on all sides	

	b. around top and steep sides	
	c. a steep slope on one side and gentle slope	e on the other
	d. Steep slope on both side	
16	. Latitude 66.5% south is also known as	
	a. Antartic circle	b. Artic circle
	c. Prime meridian	d. Greenwich meridian
17	. Cape Verde island is found on the coast of	
	a. South Africa	b. West Africa
	c. North Africa	d. East Africa
18	. The Meteorological Service Department deal	s with
	a. water	b. stars
	c. weather	d. minerals
19.	. The liquid rock beneath the earth's surface is	called the
	a. mantle	b. crust
	c. magma	d. layer
20	. The Mediterranean lands are well known for	the production of
	a. minerals	b. textiles
	c. citrus	d. metals
21	. Which of the following is not an element of th	e weather?
	a. rain	b. clouds
	c. wind	d. dust
22	. The Greenwich Meridian passes through	
	a. Accra	b. Tema
	c. Kumasi	d. Cape Coast
23	. What is the southern-most point of Ghana?	•
	a. Cape Coast	b. Cape Three Point
	c. Cape Verde	d. Cape of the Good Hope
24	. The North-East Trade Winds are known as th	·
	a. Monsoon	b. Fohn
	c. Harmattan	d. Easterlies
25	. The earth rotates on its axis spinning from	
	a. East to West	b. West to East
	c. South to North	d. West to South
26		two hemispheres is called the
_	a. latitude	b. longitude
	c. meridian	d. equator
27	. An example of a sedimentary rock is	•
	a. granite	b. gneiss
	c. marble	d. clay
28	. Sources of revenue for District assemblies in	<u>-</u>
	a. sales tax	b. purchase tax
	c. income tax	d. basic rates
29	. The revolution of the earth round the sun cau	
	a. day and night	b. high tides
	c. four seasons	d. earthquakes
30	. The North receives 24hours of sunlight when	•
	a. Equator	b. Tropic of Cancer
	c. Tropic of Capricorn	d. Artic Circle
31	. Thick, dark, clouds, thunder and lightning are	
٠.	a. convectional rainfall	b. relief rainfall
	c. evaporation	d. frontal rainfall
32	. Government revenue for developmental proje	
	a. mining of currency	b. inflation
	•	

	c. over-invoicing	d. taxation	
33	3. Ghana is not economically independent because of her		
	a. poor natural resources	b. low per capital income	
	c. poor banking practices	d. over-reliance on foreign loans	
34	. The most effective way of solving the socio-e	conomic problems of the modern world is through the	
	application of	·	
	a. science and technology	b. magic and witchcraft	
	c. knowledge in politics	d. technology and magic	
35	. Low savings by Ghanaian workers is mainly	due to	
	a. high dependency ration	b. low exchange rate of the cedi	
	c. laziness of Ghanaian workers	d. extravagant living of Ghanaians	
36. One way of raising the per capital income of Ghana is to			
	a. increase productivity	b. go in for foreign loans	
	c. import more foreign goods	d. give workers higher salaries	
37	. A nation is self-reliance when she		
	a. imports all her basic needs	b. exports larger quantities of cash crop	
	c. produce most of her basic needs	d. depends wholly on foreign capital	
38. The rock suitable for the construction of roads is		s is	
	a. limestone	b. granite	
	c. graphite	d. sandstone	
39	39. The central government supports Districts Assemblies through		
	a. market tolls	b. basic rates	
	c. property rates	d. the common food	
40. Which of the following institution is most useful in the provision of social amenities in Ghana		ul in the provision of social amenities in Ghana?	
	a. The Bank of Ghana	b. Ghana Highway Authority	
	c. District Assemblies	d. Internal Revenue Service	

SECTION B

PART I

OUR ENVIRONMENT

ANSWER ONLY ONE QUESTION FROM THIS PART

- Q1 a. Describe the solar system
 - b. List four oceans of the world
 - c. Describe the formation of relief rainfall
 - d. Mention two benefits of rainfall
- Q2 a. Explain relief features
 - b. Write any four major relief features in Ghana. Explain the following;
 - c. Three effects of the rotation of the earth.
 - d. Three effects of the revolution of the earth

PART II

GOVERNMENT, POLITITCS AND STABILITY

ANSWER ONLY ONE QUESTION FROM THIS PART

- Q3 a. Mention four sources of revenue to the District Assemblies in Ghana.
 - b. Outline four contributions of the District Assembly to the development of your area.
- Q4 a. State five problems facing District assemblies.
 - b. Explain five ways of solving the above problems mentioned.

PART III

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

ANSWER ONLY ONE QUESTION FROM THIS PART

Q5 a. Identify any four social problems facing Ghana

- b. For each of the problems identified in 'a' above, suggest four ways of minimizing it.

 a. Give four reasons why Ghana should be self-reliant.
- Q6
 - b. Outline four measures that can make Ghana self-reliant.