|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. C | 1. A | 1. B | 1. D | 1. B | 1. A | 1. B | 1. D | 1. A | 1. D |
| 1. B | 1. D | 1. A | 1. C | 1. C | 1. D | 1. D | 1. D | 1. D | 1. D |
| 1. C | 1. A | 1. B | 1. A | 1. D | 1. C | 1. D | 1. D | 1. B | 1. B |
| 1. D | 1. B | 1. C | 1. A | 1. A | 1. C | 1. C | 1. B | 1. B | 1. D |

Basic Seven Social Scheme

Section B [60 marks]

1 a. i. Environment: It refers to all the things that surround us including both natural and man-made things eg air, buildings etc. [2 marks]

ii. Sanitation refers to a public health condition related to clean drinking water, and adequate treatment and disposal of human excreta and sewage. [2 marks]

b. i. It leads to transmission of diseases such as cholera, diarrhoea

ii. it leads to soil contamination eg improper disposal of waste.

iii. poor sanitation could lead to destruction of animal life

iv. it slows down growth and development

v. It could create additional cost to central government in collection waste [2 x 4=8 marks]

c. - Through education

- Through proper disposal of waste

- Through recycling

- Provision of good drinking water

- Construction of good drainage systems etc. [2 x 4= 8marks]

2. a. i. Mountain ranges

- Rivers

- Oceans

- Hot deserts

- Tropical rain forest [1 x 4 = 4marks]

ii. Mountain Ranges eg Akuapem Togo, Gambaga scarp etc.

* Rivers eg: River Bia, Tano, Pra etc.
* Oceans eg: Atlantic, Artic, Pacific etc
* Hot desert Sahara, Kalahari etc
* Tropical Rain forest eg Amazon rain forest [1 x 4= 4 marks]

b. - Discharge of untreated industrial waste into rivers

- Improper disposal of household waste

- Illegal mining activities

- Use of agro-chemicals for fishing

- Washing, bathing and defecating in rivers

Mere mentioning of point : 1 mark

Explanation 2 marks

Total score: [3 x 4 = 12 marks]

3. a. i. Population growth refers to the increase in the size of the population of a place over a period of time [2marks]

ii. - Due to polygamous marriage

- Due to early marriages

- Low education on family planning methods

- Low mortality rate

- Due to the influx of immigrants

Mere mentioning of point : 1 mark

Explanation 2 marks

Total score: [3 x 4= 12 marks]

b. i. Socialization means adapting behaviour to the norms of a culture or society [2 marks]

ii. Family, School, Parents, Teachers etc [1 x 4= 4 marks]

4. a. i. - Physical changes

- Cognitive changes

- Social changes

- Emotional changes [1 x 3 = 3 marks]

ii. - Prostitution

- Armed robbery

- Drug use and abuse

- Streetism

- Cyber fraud

- Acquiring Sexually transmitted infections

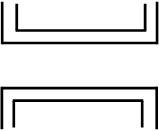
Mere mentioning of point : 1 mark

Explanation 2 marks

Total score: [3 x 4= 12 marks]

b. i. A map is the drawing or representation of whole or part of the earths surface usually drawn to a scale on a flat surface material [2 marks]

ii. Settlement b. Bridge c. River [1 x 3 = 3 marks]



Basic 8 social studies

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. B | 1. D | 1. D | 1. D | 1. C | 1. C | 1. D | 1. B | 1. B | 1. A |
| 1. C | 1. A | 1. A | 1. A | 1. A | 1. D | 1. D | 1. A | 1. D | 1. B |
| 1. A | 1. C | 1. A | 1. D | 1. B | 1. C | 1. A | 1. C | 1. A | 1. B |
| 1. D | 1. C | 1. D | 1. D | 1. A | 1. A | 1. B | 1. B | 1. C | 1. D |

Section B [60 marks]

1. a. – Discharge of untreated industrial waste into streams

- Improper disposal of household waste.

- Illegal mining or alluvial mining

- Farming close to the river banks

- Use of agro chemicals for fishing

- Oil spillage on high seas etc

Mere mentioning of point : 1 mark

Explanation 2 marks

Total score: [3 x 4= 12 marks]

b. Results in water-borne diseases such as cholera, guinea worm

Makes water impure and unsafe for use

Destroys aquatic lives

It costs a lot of money to treat polluted water [1 x 4 = 4 marks]

c. - Flooding

- Rainstorm

- Earthquake

- Volcanoes

- Drought [1 x 4 = 4 marks]

2a. i. A map is the drawing or representation of whole or part of the earths surface usually drawn to a scale on a flat surface material [2 marks]

ii. North, South, West and East {1 x 4 = 4 marks]

b. Length = ½ M1 Width = ½ M2

L = 9cm A1 W = 7cm A1

My School Compound

1cm = 50m (A 3 marks for correct drawing of rectangle with correct dimension)

c. i. Energy conservation is the wise use of energy so as to serve the future generation [2 marks]

ii. - Turning off the light when not in use

- Ironing things in bulk

- Using energy saving bulb

- Avoid using faulty electrical gadget. [2 x 3 = 6 marks]

3. a. Weather is the day to day condition of the atmosphere studied at a particular place for a short period of time but climate is the average weather condition of a place studied for a long period of time. [2 marks]

b.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Element of weather | Instrument use to measure [1/2 marks] |
| Rainfall | Rain gauge |
| Temperature | Thermometer |
| Humidity | Hygrometer |
| Pressure | Barometer |
| Sunshine | Sunshine recorder |

[1 ½ x 4 = 6 marks]

c. -Loss of lives

- Destruction of properties

- Destruction of crops

- Causes severe soil erosion

- Creates additional budget to the central government

- It could lead to outbreak of diseases such as cholera etc.

Mere mentioning of point : 1 mark

Explanation 2 marks

Total score: [3 x 4= 12 marks]

4 a. i. Extended family is a type of family made up of parents, grandparents, children, uncle, aunty, nephew and all kinsmen. The abusuapanyin is mostly the head of this family [2 marks]

ii. - There is chid care support

- Building strong family bonds

- There is companionship

- There is economic sharing of responsibilities

- Transmission of family, culture and traditions to children.

Mere mentioning of point : 1 mark

Explanation 2 marks

Total score: [3 x 4= 12 marks]

b. i. A landmark is an important feature which can easily be identified with the community. [ 2 marks]

ii. Man made landmarks

- Building

- Market

- Mosque

- Park [1 x 2 = 2 marks]

b. Natural features

- Tree

- Mountain

- River [1 x 2 = 2 marks]

Form Three

Section A

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. C | 1. C | 1. C | 1. A | 1. D | 1. D | 1. B | 1. D | 1. C | 1. C |
| 1. B | 1. A | 1. B | 1. A | 1. A | 1. B | 1. D | 1. C | 1. B | 1. A |
| 1. A | 1. B | 1. D | 1. B | 1. B | 1. A | 1. B | 1. A | 1. A | 1. A |
| 1. D | 1. A | 1. D | 1. B | 1. A | 1. C | 1. C | 1. C | 1. D | 1. B |

Section B [60 marks]

Part 1

Environment

1. a. i. The globe is defined as the model of the earth [1 mark]

ii. Equator, Prime meridian, International date line [1 x 3 = 3 marks]

Diff in longitude = 30° – 0 = 30 M1

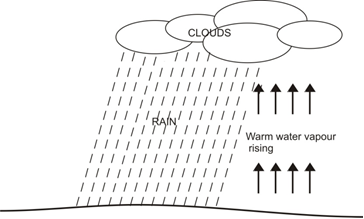
M1

Local time = 10 + 2

= 12:00 noon A1B1

c. i. Conventional rainfall occurs as a result of rising warm air. When the sun shines on the land and on the oceans, much water is lost into the atmosphere in the form of water vapour gets into the upper atmosphere. It condenses and become saturated, meaning that it converts into drops of water which is seen from the ground in the atmosphere as clouds. The clouds, begin to come together until they become thick and heavy and finally fall as rainfall.

[5 marks]



ii. The are associate with lightning and thunder storms

They mostly fall in the afternoons

It is very torrential or heavy

They are very common in equatorial and tropical regions of the world. [1 x 4 = 4 marks]

2a. i. Rotation of the earth is the movement of the earth on its own axis. It takes the earth 24 hours or one day to complete one rotation. The earth moves from west to east during its rotation as shown below [3 marks]

ii. - it causes day and night

- It causes differences local time through the world.

-Earth rotation causes the deflection of winds and ocean current [2 x 3 = 6 marks]

b. – waterfall . – Pot holes - Gorge -interlocking spurs [1 x 3 = 3 marks]

c. i. They serve as parent rock for soil formation through weather.

- Rocks are used in the construction of roads.

- Some attract tourist eg umbrella rock at Boti falls

- Some serve as a source of salt eg Dahoya where salt is mined from rocks

- Some serve as a source of water [2 x 4 = 8 marks]

Part II

Politics, government & stability

3. a. Common fund

- Ceded revenue

- Issuing of licences

- Issuing of commercial vehicle tax

- Royalties

- Property rate [1 x 4 = 4 marks]

b. - He or she is responsible for the smooth administration of the district

- The DCE presides over all the executive committee meetings

- The DCE attends meetings of the regional co-ordinating council

- The DCE supervises on-going projects in the district. [2 x 4 = 8 marks]

c. - Settlement of disputes

- Custodian of properties eg lands

- They embark on fund raising

- They make bye – laws

- They promote peace and unity

4. a. Democracy is defined as a system of government in which the wishes of the people are taken into account in the process of government. [3 marks]

b. Existence of multi-party system

Existence of good and a workable constitution

Conducts of free and fair manner of elections

Observance of rule of law

Respect for the rights and freedoms of the individuals

Mere mentioning of point : 1 mark

Explanation 2 marks

Total score: [3 x 4= 12 marks]

c. - General election

- Run – off election

- Bye – election

- Local election

- Referendum

Part III

Social and Economic Development

5. a. - Improved facilities eg clinics and hospitals

- Improved working conditions for health workers

- Increasing the number of training schools f7or health workers

- The need for a reliable national health insurance scheme.

- Providing professional training to local health personnel

Mere mentioning of point : 1 mark

Explanation 2 marks

Total score: [3 x 4= 12 marks]

b. To set standards for road safety equipment and vehicle and ensure

To undertake a nation-wide planning and development of road and safety through lectures and training programmes .

To make safety laws his regulate the activities of all road users. [1 ½ x 2 = 3 marks]

i. The board serves as an umbrella which all the small scale industries full

The board assist in the granting of loans to micro and small scale entrepreneurs

The activities of the board for some extent create employment [1 x 2 = 2 marks]

6. a. Low agricultural production

High dependency on primary production

Economic mismanagement by government

High birth rate

High illiteracy rate

Coup d’état

Military dictatorship.

Electoral ma-practice etc.

Note : The candidate or student should be able to give the points based on these three criteria. Economic, Social and practical problems

Mere mentioning of point : 1 mark

Explanation 2 marks

Total score: [3 x 5= 15 marks]

b. Empretec

Technoserve

Action Aid

Adventist Relief Agency

Catholic Relief Service

Planned Parenthood Foundation [1x 5 = 5marks]