# EaD Comprehensive Lesson Flans



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BASIC 8

WEEKLY LESSON PLAN – WEEK 4

Strand:	Material for Production	Sub-Strand:		<u> </u>	Food commodities (animal and plant sources)				
Content	B8.2.4.1 Demonstrate u	understanding of th	e functions	s of food co	mmodities				
Standard:									
Indicator (s)	B8.2.4.1.1: Explore the body	to the	<b>Performance Indicator:</b> Learners can apply the knowledge on the functions of food to body to eat the required food nutrients the body needs.						
Week Ending	28-04-2023								
Class	B.S.8	Class Size:			<b>Duration:</b>				
Subject	Career Technology	1	II.		,				
Reference	Career Technology Curriculum, Teachers Resource Pack, Learners Resource Pack, Textbook.								
Teaching / Learning Resources	meat, egg, beans, Fru	Core	Competen	Coll	nmunication and aboration ical Thinking and Problem ving.				
DAY/DATE	PHASE 1 : STARTER	PHASE 2: MAIN				PHASE 3: REFLECTION			
MONDAY 24-04-2023	Learners brainstorm to explain the meaning of keywords and terminologies in the lesson.	<ol> <li>Learners commod</li> <li>Assist Lea basic fund</li> <li>Discuss the</li> </ol>	Reflect on the classifications of food and their functions.						
	<ul> <li>Keywords;</li> <li>Commodities</li> <li>Energy</li> <li>Functions</li> <li>Nutrients</li> <li>Protein</li> <li>Carbohydrate</li> <li>fat</li> <li>Food;</li> <li>Food is any substance consumed by an organism for nutritional support. Food is usually of plant, animal, or functional support. Food is usually of plant, animal, or functional support. Food is usually of plant, animal, or functional support. Food is any substance consumed by an organism for nutritional support. Food is usually of plant, animal, or functional support. Food is usually of plant</li></ul>				1. What is food? 2. State 4 classes of food and their functions.				



# Classes of Food and their functions;

## ✓ Carbohydrates

Carbohydrates give you energy, calcium and B vitamins. These could be servings of pasta, rice, oats, potatoes and sweet potatoes or noodles, yam, couscous, bread, barley and rye. Breakfast cereals are also a carbohydrate and many contain extra iron too.



#### ✓ Protein

Think of proteins as building blocks for the body – they help it grow and repair itself. Protein is found in meat, fish and eggs, while nuts, beans, lentils, peas, dahl, Quorn and soya are great vegetable proteins. These foods also provide us with iron and other vitamins and minerals



#### ✓ Fruit and vegetables

Fruit and veg – fresh, frozen, tinned, dried and juices – are brilliant for our diets. They're full of health-giving vitamins, antioxidants and fibre – that keep us feeling full and our digestive systems healthy – plus they're low in calories. By eating a wide variety of fruit and veg, you'll be getting a range of the important nutrients they contain.

#### √ Fats and sugars

It's important not to have too many foods from this group as they give us a lot of energy from calories but not much nutrition. Try to keep foods such as butter, margarine, cooking oils and salad dressings to a minimum and save chocolate, crisps, sugary soft drinks, sweets, jam, cream, cakes, pudding, biscuits and pastries for the occasional treat.



# **FRIDAY**

28-04-2023

Review Learners knowledge on the previous lesson.

- 1. Discuss the meaning and functions of body-building food with the Learners.
- 2. Using a Poster showing examples of Energy-giving foods, discuss the functions of Energy-giving food with the Learners.
- Assist Learners to identify protective food and their functions.
- 4. Learners in small groups discuss to draw a chart on the 3 functions of food commodities.

#### **Body-Building Food**;

Food rich in proteins are generally referred to as bodybuilding food. They are required for the growth and repair of cells in our body. Milk, chicken, fish, egg and pulses are rich sources of proteins. Fruits and vegetables are sources of vitamins and minerals.

Through questions and answers, conclude the lesson.

#### Exercise;

- Explain the functions of the following;
- i. Bodybuilding food
- ii. Energygiving food



#### Examples;

- Eggs. Eggs contain high quality protein, healthy fats, and other important nutrients like B vitamins and choline (1).
- Salmon. Salmon is a great choice for muscle building and overall health.
- Chicken breast.
- Greek yogurt.
- Tuna.
- Lean beef.
- Shrimp.
- Soybeans.

## **Energy-Giving food;**

- Energy-giving foods are those that supply the body with energy to accomplish work after getting digested.
- 2. They have a relatively higher sugar content than the other kinds of food.

## **Examples of energy-giving food:**

#### i) Carbohydrates:

- 1. They are one of the primary sources of energy for our bodies.
- 2. They are organic molecules.
- 3. Bread, grains, and fruits are some examples of food that are rich in carbohydrates.

## ii) Fats:

- 1. Any ester of fatty acids, or a mixture of similar compounds, most typically found in living creatures or food, is referred to as fat.
- 2. Cheese, nuts, and butter are examples of food rich in fat.

- iii. Protective food.
- Tabulate the difference between the food groups.

Food group	Locally available foods	
body building foods	meat, milk, eggs, beans, peas, green grams, ground nuts, fish	
energy giving foods	cassava, sweet potatoes, yams, rice, wheat, maize, millet, arrow roots, sorghum	
body - protective foods	fruits, vegetables	
		1

Name of Teacher: School: District: