EaD Comprehensive Lesson Flans



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BASIC 7

WEEKLY LESSON PLAN – WEEK 2

Strand:	 Oral language (listening and speaking Reading Writing Literature 	g) Sul	b-Strand:	CompProdu	ersation/everyday discourse orehension oction and distribution Writing of Drama, Poetry	
B7.1.1.1: Demonstrate use of appropriate language orally in specific situations(Oral Language)						
Content Standard:	B7.2.1.1: Demonstrate increasing confidence	in independence in	reading.(Readin	ng)		
	B7.4.2.1:Develop, organize and express ideas coherently and cohesively in writing for a variety of purposes (description, narration, exposition/information and persuasion), audiences and contexts (Writing)					
	B7.5.1.1: Demonstrate understanding of how various elements of literary genres contribute to meaning (Literature)					
	B7.1.1.5. Use techniques (voice modulation	and eye contact) fo	or effective oral co	ommunication ((Oral Language)	
Indicator (s)	B7.2.1.1.4. Use text structure to understand and read texts independently (Reading)					
	B7.4.2.1.2. Use precise words, phrases and sensory language to convey a vivid mental picture of people and experiences (Writing) B7.5.1.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of oral literature (narratives, poetry, drama) and how the different genres contribute to meaning. (Literature)					
Week Ending	14-04-2023					
Class	B.S.7	Class Size:		Duration:		
Subject	English Language					
Reference	English Language Curriculum, Teachers Resource Pack, Learners Resource Pack, Textbook					
Teaching / Learning	Reading Book, Poster, Pictures, Word Chart,	Book, Poster, Pictures, Word Chart, Sentence Cards		MG.		
Resources			Competencie	:5:		

MONDAY 10-04-2023	Strand: Conversation/Everyday discourse Select a unit reader from the English Reading textbook that involves conversations.	 Through paired or partner reading, Learners read aloud to each other in a conversation. Ensure appropriate use of voice pace, volume, tone and stress in the conversation. Partners in the conversation reading are to maintain eye contact with each other. Partner Reading Partner reading (also known as paired reading) is a reading strategy where two students are paired together and read a given text aloud to each other. Often, students are paired strategically. For example, teachers could pair readers that are on the same level, or pair a more fluent reader with a less fluent reader.	Learners brainstorm to answer comprehension questions after reading,
WEDNESDAY 12-04-2023	Strand: Reading Sub-strand: Comprehension Review Learners knowledge on text structure	 Write a paragraph that follows a specific text structure on the chalkboard. Discuss with Learners on how to form sentences in a Paragraph following specific text structure. Learners brainstorm to read paragraphs that follow a specific text structure. Text structure a topic sentence supporting sentences concluding sentence. 	Ensure core competencies are achieved.
THURSDAY 13-04-2023	Strand: Writing Sub-strand: Production and distribution Writing Discuss with Learners the meaning of grammatical structure.	 Assist Learners to identify grammatical structure of sentences. Discuss with Learners the grammatical structure rules. Learners in small groups to discuss and identify the grammatical structure of sentences. 	Reflect on the importance of grammatical structure of a sentence.

		A sentence follows Subject + Verb + Object word order.	
		He (subject) obtained (verb) his degree (object).	
		Importance of Grammatical structure;	
		it provides information that helps the reader's	
		comprehension. It is the structure that conveys precise	
		meaning from the writer to the audience. Eliminate	
		grammatical errors from your writing, and reward	
		your readers with clear communication.	
FRIDAY	Strand: Literature	Assist Learners to read aloud a novel selected	Learners brainstorm to
	Sub strand, Draga Drama Dagter	from the Cockcrow.	write own simple dirges,
I	Sub-strand: Prose, Drama, Poetry	2. Learners brainstorm to distinguish between the	lullabies, war and praise
14-04-2023		types of poetry by function paying attention to the	songs.
	Review learners knowledge on the	rhythmic variations	
	previous lesson.	3. Discuss with Learners about the cultural and social	
	previous resson.	significance of the poems.	
		4. Assist Learners to write and recite poems.	
		Types of Poetic Forms	
		Blank verse. Blank verse is poetry written with a	
		precise meter—almost always iambic pentameter—that does not rhyme.	
		Rhymed poetry. In contrast to blank verse,	
		rhymed poems rhyme by definition, although their scheme varies	
		Free verse.	
		• Epics.	
		Narrative poetry.	
		Haiku.	
		Pastoral poetry.	
		Sonnet.	
I			

	Types of Poetry Lyric Poetry: Primary function is to express a state of mind or a powerful emotion. Can be intensely personal and is usually written in 1st person (I) Evoke emotion in the reader	

Name of Teacher: School: District: