## EaD Comprehensive Lesson Flans





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NAME OF TEACHER:	WEEK ENDING12-05-2023
NUMBER ON ROLL:	SUBJECTGHANAIAN LANGUAGE
DURATION:	REFERENCESYLLABUS(CRDD,2007), FOR JHS GHA. LANG.
FORMBASIC 9	WEEK6

DAY/DURATIO N	TOPIC/SUB- TOPIC/ASPEC T	OBJECTIVES/R.P. K	TEACHER- LEARNER ACTIVITIES	T/L MATERIAL S	CORE POINTS	SKILLS ACQUISITION
MONDAY	Aspect; ORAL	By the end of the lesson	Introduction;	Word Chart,	Enstoolment of chiefs;	1. Oral skills
	SKILLS - CUSTOMS	the Pupil will be able to;	Discuss the meaning	Sentence	The enstoolment process begins when	2. Discussion
08-05-2023	AND		of "enstoolment and	Cards, letter	the families contending for the position	<ol><li>Identification</li></ol>
VO-VJ-2V23	INSTITUTIONS		enskinment" of chiefs	cards	have agreed or decided upon the person	4. brainstorming
		state how chiefs and	with the Learners.		to be appointed. The decision becomes	
		queen mothers are			final when the Queen Mother approves	
	Topic;	selected and enstooled	Activities		the selected person as capable of leading	
	Chieftaincy:	or enskinned	<ol> <li>Pupils</li> </ol>		and representing the community.	
	Selection,		brainstorm to			
	Enstoolment/	RPK	differentiate			
	Enskinment	Pupils have witnessed	between			
		how chiefs are	"enstoolment		No. 20 A 478	
		enstooled in the	" and			
	Sub-Topic;	Community.	"enskinment"			
	How chiefs and		of chiefs.		n Plant	
	queen mothers		2. Pupils			
	are selected,		brainstorm to			
	enstooled or		give personal			
	enskinned.		experiences			
			or an eye-			

	_	1	T			
			witness account of nomination, enstoolment of a chief or queen- mother in their community. 3. Assist pupils to dramatize on how chiefs and enstooled and enskinned. 4. Discuss the process of diskinment with the			
			Pupils.  Closure  Reflect on the benefits of chief enstoolment.			
TUESDAY	Aspect;	Objective	Introduction;	Word Formation	i.	Identificatio
	GRAMMAR	By the end of the lesson	Review Pupils	This is the creation of new		n
09-05-2023	3.0.00	the Pupil will be able to;	knowledge on the previous lesson.	words from the root words. Sometimes contrasted	ii. iii.	Observation explanatory
	Topic; Word	i. form words		semantically. It can be at the		
	Formation	through	Activities	boundaries or derived from old		
		compoundin	1. Assist Pupils	words.		
		g	to form new	Borrowing:		
	Sub-Topic;	_	words	Borrowing words or phrases		

		ii.	form words		+brough	from other Languages	
	C	11.			through	from other Languages	
	Compounding and		through		compounding	e.g.	
r	reduplication		reduplicatio			English:	
			n	2.	Illustrate for	- kwashiokor	
		RPK			Pupils to	- book	
		-	already form		observe on	- hospital	
		-	ds by putting		how to form	- bucket	
		two or mor	e sounds		new words	Fante - kwashioko	
		together.			through	Gonja - kwashioko	
					reduplication.	Nzema - kwashioko	
				3.	Pupils	Kasem - kwashioko	
					brainstorm to	Dagaare - kɔɔseεkɔ	
					form new	Fante - buukuu	
					words	Gonja - buku	
					applying skills	Nzema - buluku	
					of	Dagbani - buku	
					compounding	Fante - asopitsi	
					and	Gonja - ashibiti	
					reduplication.	Nzema - asopito	
						Kasem - asibiti	
				Closure	2	Dagaare - asibiti	
				Throug	h questions	Dagbani - ashibiti	
				and ans		Fante - bokitsi	
					de the lesson.	Gonja - boketi	
						Nzema - bokiti	
						Kasem - bogete	
						Dagaare - bogiti	
						Dagbani - bokati	
						Compounding: words stringed together	
						by older words.	
						e.g. earth + quake = earthquake	
						gentle + man = gentleman	
						bath + room = bathroom	
						Compounding	
						Twi : nwoma + sua ŋ nwomasua	
						Dangme: ngmlɛ + fia ŋ ngmlɛfia	

	Nzema : fa + kyε - fakye
	Dagaare : gane + zanne - ganzanne
	Reduplication:
	Repetition of main word.
	English: quick - quickquick
	Fante: ntsem – ntsemtsem
	Ewe: Kaba – kabakaba
	Ga: Oya – oyaoya
	Dangme: mla - mlamla
	Dagaare: - wieũ - wieũwieũ
	Gonja: - bɔiŋ - bɔiŋbɔiŋ
	Dagbani: - kaliŋ – kaliŋkaliŋ

Name of Teacher:

School:

District: