EaD Comprehensive Lesson Flans

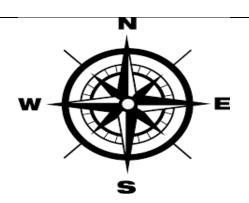


https://www.TeachersAvenue.net https://TrendingGhana.net https://www.mcgregorinriis.com

BASIC 8

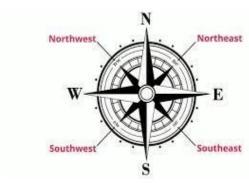
WEEKLY LESSON PLAN – WEEK 3

Strand:	Environment		Sub-Strand:		Mapping Skills			
	B8.1.3.1 Demonstrate skills in sketching maps and interpreting landscapes from map							
Content Standard:								
Indicator (s)	B8.1.3.1.1 Sketch maps and interpret landscapes from maps Performance Indicator: Learn directions to places using a map							
Week Ending	14-07-2023							
Class	B.S.8	Class Size:			Dura	ation:		
Subject	Social Studies							
Reference	Social Studies Curriculum, Teachers Resource Pack, Learners Resource Pack, Textbook.							
Teaching / Learning Resources	Poster, Chart, Glob	oe, Video	Con	Core Competencies:		 Personal Development and Leadership Critical Thinking and Problem solving. Communication and Collaboration. 		
DAY/DATE	PHASE 1 : STARTER	PHASE 2: MAIN					PHASE 3: REFLECTION	
TUESDAY	Discuss with Learners on the meaning of "Compass".	 Learners brainstorm to identify the 4 cardinal Points. Using a Chart, draw and explain the 8 and 16-point compass. Demonstrate on how to use a map with grid squares to locate some important landmarks. Cardinal directions are the four main points of a compass: north, south, east, and west which are also known by the first letters: N, S, E, and W. These four directions are also known as cardinal points 					Learners brainstorm to draw or sketch the map of their community indicating important landmarks. Exercise; 1. What is Compass? 2. State the 4 cardinal points. 3. Draw the 8 and 16-	



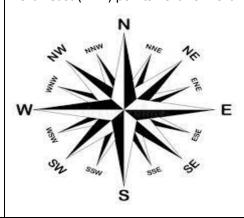
The eight-point compass

You can make your compass more accurate by adding more points to it. By drawing a line in between each of the cardinal points, you can create an eight-point compass that shows the directions for north-east (NE), south-east (SE), south-west (SW) and north-west (NW).



The 16-point compass

For even more accurate readings, some compasses add eight more points to make a total of 16. Each of these points also has a direction. West-south-west (WSW) points to a direction west of south-west. Similarly, north-north-east (NNE) points north of north-east.



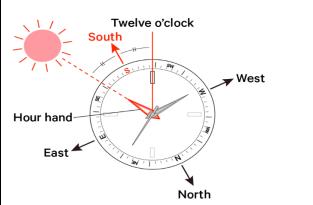
point compass.

WEDNESDAY

Assist Learners to Sketch a map of the school compound to scale.

- 1. Learners brainstorm to use map to show directions to important places in the community.
- 2. Demonstrate on how to use watch as compass.
- 3. Show Learners a globe and describe how to locate points on the globe.

How to use the watch as a Compass



You can estimate approximate compass directions using the positions of the hour hand and the sun as a guide. Keep in mind that these determinations are approximate as discrepancies can arise at different latitudes and in different seasons.

1. Check that the watch is showing the correct time and then lay the watch horizontally and align the hour hand of the watch with the direction of the sun.

The point approximately mid-way between the 12 o'clock position on the dial and the direction of the hour hand when it is aligned with the sun indicates south. Morning is on the left side of the dial, and afternoon is on the right side facing south.

2. Rotating bezel with a compass

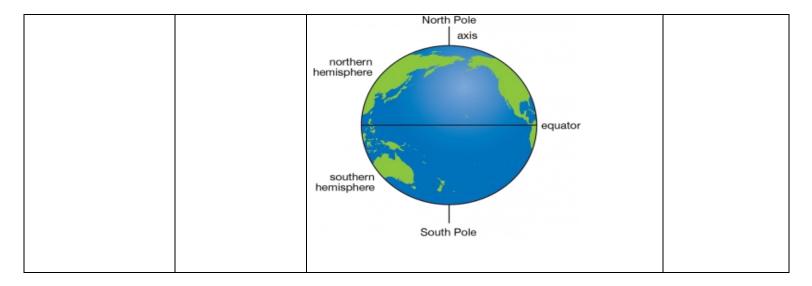
Turning the rotating bezel so that the "S" points south will allow you to read other approximate compass directions.

Watches with a compass and non-rotating bezel

Turning the watch body so that the "S" faces south will allow you to read other approximate compass directions.

* In the southern hemisphere, the point approximately mid-way between the 12 o'clock position and the direction of the hour hand when it is aligned with the sun indicates north.

Learners
brainstorm to
sketch maps
showing the
positions or
directions to the
learners' homes
using compass
directions.



Name of Teacher: School: District: