EaD Comprehensive Lesson Plans



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WEEKLY LESSON PLAN – WEEK 8

Strand:	Cycles		Sub-Strand:		Animal Production			
Content Standard:	B7.2.4.1 Demonstrate understanding of the differences among domestic animals such as ruminants, monogastric and poultry (monogastric herbivore)							
Indicator (s)	B7.2.4.1.1 Examine and list domestic animals in the community B7.2.4.1.2 Show the differences and similarities among domestic animals. Performance Indicator I examples of domestic animals.					· ·		
Week Ending	24-11-2023							
Class	B.S.7	Class Size:			Dura	ition:		
Subject	Science							
Reference	Science Curriculum	, Teachers Resour	rce Pack, I	Learners R	esourc	e Pack.		
Teaching / Learning Resources	Pictures, Video, Cha Presentation.	Competencies:				• C1	igital Literacy ritical thinking and Problem olving	
DAY/DATE	PHASE 1 : STARTER	PHASE 2: M	HASE 2: MAIN				PHASE 3: REFLECTION	
MONDAY	Ask Learners to mention the types of domestic animals they have in their Individual homes.	1. Learners brainstorm to match types of domestic animals with their breeds. 2. Assist Learners to classify domestic animals according to the way they eat, walk, their colour, shape, size and others. TYPES OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS Www.earthreminder.com Examples of Domestic Animals; Cow. Dog. Cat. Fish. Horse. Rabbit. Hen. Elephant.					Through questions and answers, conclude the lesson. Exercise; 1. What are domestic animals? 2. Write 4 examples of domestic animals.	



WEDNESDAY

Learners brainstorm to explain what ruminants are.

- 1. Assist Learners to identify examples of ruminants.
- 2. Discuss 4 characteristics of ruminants with the Learners.
- 3. Learners in small groups to discuss the meaning of Monogastric.
- 4. Assist Learners to identify examples of Monogastric classification of animals.

Ruminants;

Ruminants are hoofed herbivorous grazing or browsing mammals that are able to acquire nutrients from plant-based food by fermenting it in a specialized stomach prior to digestion, principally through microbial actions.



Cattle Sheep Goats Deer Antelope

Characteristics of Ruminants;

- i. Most ruminants have a four-chambered stomach and two-toed feet.
- ii. The upper incisors are reduced or sometimes absent.

Camels and chevrotains, however, have a threechambered stomach and are often referred to as Summarize the lesson.

Exercise;

- 1. State 5 examples of Ruminants.
- Explain 3
 characteristics of ruminants and Monogastric.

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		pseudo ruminants. Ruminants eat quickly. What is a Ruminant animal? It is an animal that has 4 compartments in their stomach. It contains a rumen, reticulum, omasum, Abomasum. These are found in cattle, sheep, goats, and chickens. These help brake down lots of food when the animals eat.							
FRIDAY	Discuss the meaning of Poultry with the Learners.	 Learners brainstorm to mention examples of Poultry birds. Discuss the characteristics of Poultry with the Learners. Using Power Point Presentation, explain the differences and similarities of ruminants, monogastric and Poultry. Poultry; Chickens, ducks, guinea fowl, geese and turkeys Characteristics of Poultry; Laying Breeds: These breeds are known for their egg-laying capacity Meat Breeds Dual-Purpose Breeds Turkeys, Game Birds and Other Poultry. 	Reflect on the characteristics of Poultry, ruminants and Monogastric Exercise; 1. Write 5 examples of Poultry. 2. State 4 characteristics of Poultry.						

Name of Teacher: School: District: