EaD Comprehensive Lesson Plans



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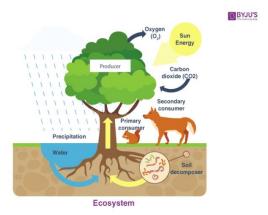
BASIC 7

WEEKLY LESSON PLAN – WEEK 3

Strand:	Systems	Sul	b-Strand:	The	Ecosystem	
Content Standard:	B8.3.3.1 Demonstrate	understanding of the int	terdependence (of organisms	in an ecosyste	em and their interaction
Indicator (s)	B8.3.3.1.1 Explore the feeding relationships within an ecosystem Performance Indicator: Learners of various types of ecosystems.					ers can identify the
Week Ending	26-01-2024					
Class	B.S.7	Class Size:		Dura	tion:	
Subject	Science					
Reference	Science Curriculum, T	Seachers Resource Pack,	Learners Reso	urce Pack.		
Teaching / Learning Resources	Pictures, Video, Chart Presentation.	s, Power point	Core Comp	etencies:	 Digital Literacy Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration. 	
DAY/DATE	PHASE 1 : STARTER	PHASE 2: MAIN			'	PHASE 3: REFLECTION
MONDAY	Discuss the meanings of keywords and terminologies in the lesson. Keywords; Producer primary consumer secondary consumer food chain food web Energy transfer	 Learners brainstorm to explain the concept of "Ecosystem". Using a Power Point Presentation, explain the components and parts of an Ecosystem. Assist Learners to identify the types of Ecosystem. Discuss with Learners the significance of biotic and abiotic components of Ecosystem. Ecosystem; An ecosystem is a geographic area where plants, animals, and other organisms, as well as weather and landscape, work together to form a bubble of life. Ecosystems contain biotic or living, parts, as well as abiotic factors, or nonliving parts. Components of Ecosystem Biotic components are the living things that have a direct or indirect influence on other organisms in an environment. For example plants, animals, and microorganisms and their waste materials. Abiotic components of an ecosystem include all chemical and physical elements i.e. non-living components. Abiotic components can vary from region to region, from one ecosystem to another. They mainly take up the role of life supporter. They 				

limiting factors.

A **terrestrial ecosystem** consists of abiotic factors like climate, type of soil or rock, altitude, temperature, nutrients, and minerals, whereas abiotic components in an aquatic ecosystem include dissolved gases, depth of water, salinity, pH of water, light intensity etc.



The significance of Biotic and Abiotic Components

Biotic components can be classified into three categories:

Producers: These include all the autotrophs. They use light energy and synthesize food on their own, e.g. plants, green algae, etc.

Consumers: These include all the heterotrophs that directly or indirectly depend on producers for their food. Consumers are further categorized as herbivores, carnivores, omnivores and parasites.

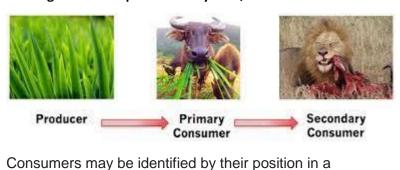
Decomposers: These include saprophytes which act on dead matter and decay them for their nutrition.

THURSDAY

Discuss with Learners about the meaning of Food web.

- 1. Using a chat, explain the feeding relationships in ecosystem with the Learners.
- 2. Assist Learners to draw a chart of the feeding relationships in an ecosystem.
- 3. Describe the feeding relationships and energy flow in an ecosystem.

Feeding Relationships in an Ecosystem;



Summarize the lesson.

Exercise;

- 1. Draw a chart of the feeding relationship in an ecosystem
- Describe the feeding relationship and energy flow in an

chain: first order (primary) consumers eat producers; ecosystem. second order (secondary) consumers eat primary consumers; third order (tertiary) consumers eat secondary, and so on along a chain. Flow of Energy through Ecosystems · Food Chain: A simple diagram of one string of feeding relationships in an ecosystem, showing the direction of the transfer of energy in that system. Grass **FRIDAY** Leaners brainstorm Draw a chart of Food chain and explain. Reflect on the to explain the 2. Assist Learners to draw the Food chain in an ecosystem. importance of Food meaning of "Food 3. Learners brainstorm to identify the components of Food chain. Chain" with the 4. Discuss types of "Food Chain" with the Learners. Learners. 5. Illustrate with diagram how energy from the sun flows Exercise; through a food chain and food web in an ecosystem for 1. What is Learners to observe. Food Chain? Food Chain; 2. Explain the relationship A food chain refers to the order of events in an ecosystem, between where one living organism eats another organism, and later that food chain organism is consumed by another larger organism. The flow of and food nutrients and energy from one organism to another at different web. trophic levels forms a food chain. 3. Write 4 importance of Food Chain with the Learners. (tertiary (primary consumer) consumer) (decomposers (producer predator) How energy flows from the sun and through the food web; Primary producers use energy from the sun to produce their own food in the form of glucose, and then primary producers are eaten by primary consumers who are in turn eaten by secondary consumers, and so on, so that energy flows from one trophic

level, or level of the food chain, to the next.

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